

Using Maths Aotearoa and Wilkie Way to deliver the refreshed New Zealand Curriculum

The only progress step given for year 4 for Space (Geometry) refers to visualise, predict and identify a shape that is a reflection, rotation or translation of a given 2 dimensional shape. It is essential to look at all the progress outcomes for year 6, along with the learning progressions and consider the stepping stones and learning opportunities students can build on to achieve all the progress outcomes specified for the end of the phase. Year 4 learning opportunities come from Book 2B of Maths Aotearoa as part of the structured approach to learning mathematical concepts, skills and knowledge. Exploration opportunities are given to provide foundational work for more complex ideas and encourage students to think about geometric ideas. *Each chapter is linked to further learning experiences in Figure it Out books.*

Maths Aotearoa teacher books and student books are available from edify.co.nz

Wilkie Way members also have access to Professional Resources on the teaching of geometric ideas and further classroom resources

Phase 2: Year 4			
Understand: (big ideas)		Do (practices)	
• • • •	Maths is about seeking patterns and relationships Maths is about working with change and variation Maths involves reasoning - from observations and prior knowledge Maths develops within different cultures Maths is created by humans and therefore has a history and continues to evolve.	 Students will have learning opportunities to: Investigate situations Represent situations Connect situations Generalise findings Explain and justify findings 	
Metho Litercov Development			
	Assistance with learning to use encoded with second with share, encode position 9 evientation		
	Assistance with rearding to use specialist vocabulary associated with shape, space, position & orientation		
•	Assistance with reading & understanding math texts involving geometric is	anguage and concepts	
	Concepts being developed	Key knowledge being developed	
•	Direction (which way?) ,Distance (how far?) Location (where?)	Direction left and right	
•	Angle as a turn around a fixed point	Rotation, clockwise and anti clockwise	
•	Reflective and Rotational symmetry	Full, half and quarter turns	
•	Tranformations	Points of the compass	
•	Classification by more than one attribute	Language of geometry to describe attributes	
•	Spatial thinking	 Identify and name a wider range of shapes 	
•	Spatial reasoning		
•	Spatial visualisation		

Maths Aotearoa Book 2B	Support Material available from Wilkie Way website
	winkieway.co.nz: membership area (subscription)
Unit 6 Geometric Shapes	Teacher Professional Resources:
Chapter 18 Lines and Angles	Curriculum Knowledge:
This chapter was also included in the measurement plan as foundational to the measurement of angles	Becket Guide: Coometric Thinking
Know the static features of a right angle	Pocket Guide. Geometric miniking
Create a right angle measure Evelow the dimensional state of the second state	Geometric Progressions
Explore the dynamic concept of an angle - it can grow larger or smaller by rotating one or both of its arms	
Identify angles as more or less than a right angle	
Name 2 dimensional shapes based on the number of sides	
	Student Peseurces
Chapter 19 Triangles	Geometric problems
Explore and name different sorts of triangles	
Introduce triangular and square based pyramids	Video Lessons
	Using Grid references
Chapter 20 Cross Sections	Grid References and Compass Points
Explore cross sections	·
• Work with spatial visualisation	
Unit 7: Transformations	
Chapter 21 Rotational Symmetry	
Recogise rotational symmetry in shapes and designs	
Use reflective and rotational symmetry in a design	
Use flips, slides and turns in a design	
Chapter 22 Geometric Ideas	
Chapter 22 Geometric lideas	
Explore simple flight naths	
Unit 8 Position and Orientation	
Chapter 23 Giving Directions	
Give directions using the points of the compass	
Follow directions using a simple map	
Give directions using a simple map	